#### Official NORTHERN BREWER Instructional Document

Azacca honors ritual with the straw body of a simple pale ale grist cursed by intense mango, citrus and pine. Mixing up the medicine with one of the most soughtafter new hop varieties, Azacca pins firm bittering into mild caramel sweetness. A feast of distinct flavors from complex grapefruit and lemon to old-growth evergreen forest are just a trick-Azacca is a particularly pleasant, sessionable pint.

It took a few sacrifices to get our hands on enough Azacca® for a limited release of this kit. Work by brewmasters and witch doctors alike, a few incantations and a dash of cajun conjuring are all that's keeping the harvest coming. Don't count on our hocus pocus to hold up forever–Azacca has been known to feast and flee faster than a cloud of locusts over the rolling fields.

#### O.G: 1.052 READY: 6 WEEKS

1-2 weeks primary, 2-4 weeks secondary, 1-2 weeks bottle conditioning

## KIT INVENTORY:

### MAILLARD MALTS®

## SPECIALTY GRAIN

- 0.25 lbs English Medium Crystal
- 0.25 lbs English Dark Crystal

#### MAILLARD MALTS®

#### **EXTRACTS & OTHER FERMENTABLES**

- 3.15 lbs Pilsen malt syrup (60 minutes)
- 3.15 lbs Gold malt syrup (15 min late addition)
- 1 lb Pilsen DME (15 min late addition)

## **HOPTIMUS REX**<sup>TM</sup>

# PREMIUM HOPS & OTHER FLAVORINGS

- 0.5 oz Azacca® (60 min)
- 0.5 oz Azacca® (15 min)
- 1 oz Azacca® (0 min Flame out)
- 2 oz Azacca® (dry hop)

#### **YEAST**

Dry yeast (default) Safale S-04. Optimum temperature: 64°-75°F

Liquid yeast option: Wyeast 1335 British Ale II. 63°-75°F

White Labs WLP007 Dry English Ale Yeast. Optimum temp: 65°-70°F

### **PRIMING SUGAR**

- 5 oz Priming Sugar (save for Bottling Day)

These simple instructions are basic brewing procedures for this Northern Brewer extract beer kit; please refer to your starter kit instructions for specific instructions on use of equipment and common procedures such as siphoning, sanitizing, bottling, etc.

## **BEFORE YOU BEGIN ...**

#### MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS

- Homebrewing starter kit for brewing 5 gallon batches
- Boiling kettle of at least 3.5 gallons capacity
- A 5 gallon glass carboy, with bung and airlock, to use as a secondary fermenter - If you do not have a secondary fermenter you may skip the secondary fermentation and add an additional week to primary fermentation before bottling Approximately two cases of either 12 oz or 22 oz pry-off style beer bottles

#### **UNPACK THE KIT**

- Refrigerate the yeast upon arrival
- Locate the Kit Inventory (above) this is the recipe for your beer, so keep it handy
- Doublecheck the box contents vs. the Kit Inventory
- Contact us immediately if you have any questions or concerns!

## **PROCEDURE**

## A FEW DAYS BEFORE BREWING DAY

1. Remove the liquid Wyeast pack from the refrigerator, and "smack" as shown on the back of the yeast package. Leave it in a warm place (70-80° F) to incubate until the pack begins to inflate. Allow at least 3 hours for inflation; some packs may take up to several days to show inflation. Do not brew with inactive yeast – we can replace the yeast, but not a batch that fails to ferment properly. If you are using dry yeast, no action is needed.

#### ON BREWING DAY

- 2. Collect and heat 2.5 gallons of water.
- 3. For mail-order customers grains for extract kits come crushed by default, but if you requested uncrushed grains, crush them now. Pour crushed grain into supplied mesh bag and tie the open end in a knot. Steep for 20 minutes or until water reaches 170°F. Remove bag and discard.
- 4. Bring to a boil and add the 3.15 lbs Pilsen malt syrup. Remove the kettle from the burner and stir in the Pilsen malt syrup.
- 5. Return wort to boil. The mixture is now called "wort", the brewer's term for unfermented beer.
- Add 0.5 oz Azacca® hops and boil for 60 minutes.
- Add 0.5 oz Azacca® hops, 3.15 lbs Gold malt syrup and 1 lb Pilsen DME 15 minutes before the end of the boil.
- Add 1 oz Azacca® hops with 0 minutes remaining in the boil. Turn off heat.
- 6. Cool the wort. When the 60-minute boil is finished, cool the wort to approximately 100° F as rapidly as possible. Use a wort chiller, or put the kettle in an ice bath in your sink.
- 7. Sanitize fermenting equipment and yeast pack. While the wort cools, sanitize the fermenting equipment fermenter, lid or stopper, fermentation lock, funnel, etc along with the yeast pack and a pair of scissors.
- 8. Fill primary fermenter with 2 gallons of cold water, then pour in the cooled wort. Leave any thick sludge in the bottom of the kettle.

- 9. Add more cold water as needed to bring the volume to 5 gallons.
- 10. Aerate the wort. Seal the fermenter and rock back and forth to splash for a few minutes, or use an aeration system and diffusion stone.
- 11. **OPTIONAL:** if you have our Mad Brewer Upgrade or Gravity Testing kits, measure specific gravity of the wort with a hydrometer and record.
- 12. Add yeast once the temperature of the wort is 78°F or lower (not warm to the touch). Use the sanitized scissors to cut off a corner of the yeast pack, and carefully pour the yeast into the primary fermenter.
- 13. Seal the fermenter. Add approximately 1 tablespoon of water to the sanitized fermentation lock. Insert the lock into rubber stopper or lid, and seal the fermenter.
- 14. Move the fermenter to a warm, dark, quiet spot until fermentation begins.

## BEYOND BREWING DAY, WEEKS 1–2

- 15. Active fermentation begins. Within approximately 48 hours of Brewing Day, active fermentation will begin there will be a cap of foam on the surface of the beer, and you may see bubbles come through the fermentation lock.
- 16. Active fermentation ends. Approximately 1-2 weeks after brewing day, active fermentation will end: the cap of foam falls back into the new beer, bubbling in the fermentation lock slows down or stops.
- 17. Transfer beer to secondary fermenter. Sanitize siphoning equipment and an airlock and carboy bung or stopper. Siphon the beer from the primary fermenter into the secondary.

## BEYOND BREWING DAY— SECONDARY FERMENTATION

- 18. Secondary fermentation. Allow the beer to condition in the secondary fermenter for 2-4 weeks before proceeding with the next step. Timing now is somewhat flexible.
- 19. Add the dry hops. Add 2 oz Azacca® hops to the secondary fermenter 1-2 weeks before bottling day.

# BOTTLING DAY—ABOUT 1 MONTH AFTER BREWING DAY

- 20. Sanitize siphoning and bottling equipment.
- 21. Mix a priming solution (a measured amount of sugar dissolved in water to carbonate the bottled beer) of  $^2\!I_3$  cup priming sugar in 16 oz water. Bring the solution to a boil and pour into the bottling bucket.
- 22. Siphon beer into bottling bucket and mix with priming solution. Stir gently to mix, don't splash.
- 23. Fill and cap bottles.

#### 1-2 WEEKS AFTER BOTTLING DAY

- 24. Condition bottles at room temperature for 1-2 weeks. After this point, the bottles can be stored cool or cold.
- 25. Serving. Pour into a clean glass, being careful to leave the layer of sediment at the bottom of the bottle. Cheers!